## **CLAIMS**

 A therapeutic agent for schizophrenia, which comprises, as an active ingredient, a compound of the formula (I)

$$O = C - R^{1}$$

$$NH$$

$$(I)$$

5 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is a C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group or the formula (II)

$$-CH_2-N <_{R^3}^{R^2}$$
 (II)

wherein  $R^2$  is a hydrogen atom or an acetyl group and  $R^3$  is a  $C_1$ -  $C_6$  alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group or

wherein  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  are each independently a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1 - C_6$  alkyl group, and in

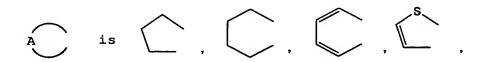
$$-N < \frac{R^2}{R^3}$$

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of the formula (II),  $\ensuremath{R^2}$  and  $\ensuremath{R^3}$  may be linked to each other to form

$$-N$$
 or  $-N$   $NH$ 

wherein R<sup>6</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl group;



wherein  $R^7$  and  $R^8$  are each independently a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1\text{--}C_4$  alkyl group,

5

wherein  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are each independently a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1 - C_4$  alkyl group,

10 wherein  $R^{11}$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1 - C_4$  alkyl group; and

wherein  $R^{12}$  and  $R^{13}$  are each independently a  $C_1\text{-}C_4$  alkyl group or may be linked to each other to form

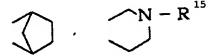
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wherein n is an integer of 2 to 6, or

wherein m is an integer of 2 or 3,



wherein  $R^{14}$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl group,



wherein R15 is a hydrogen atom or an aralkyl group, or



provided that when

and  ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^7$  should not be a hydrogen atom, an enantiomer thereof, an acid addition salt thereof, or a hydrate or solvate thereof.

2. The therapeutic agent of claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula (I) is a compound of the formula (Ia)

$$0 = C - R^{1'}$$

$$R^{10'}$$

$$R^{10'}$$

$$R^{10'}$$

$$R^{10'}$$

$$R^{10'}$$

$$R^{10'}$$

$$R^{10'}$$

$$R^{10'}$$

$$R^{10'}$$

wherein  $R^{1}$  is a  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkyl group or the formula (II) '

$$-CH_2-N <_{R^3}^{R^2}, \qquad (II)$$

wherein  $R^2$  is a hydrogen atom or an acetyl group, and  $R^3$  is a 5  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl group or

wherein  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  are each independently a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1 - C_6$  alkyl group, and in

$$-N <_{R^3}^{R^2}$$

10 of the formula (II)',  $R^2$  and  $R^3$ ' may be linked to each other to form

wherein  $R^6$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl group;  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are each independently a  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl group; and

wherein  $R^{15}$  is an aralkyl group, or



5 3. The therapeutic agent of claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula (I) is a 4-acylamino-5,6,7,8-tetrahydrofuro[2,3-b]quinoline derivative of the formula (Ib)

$$0 = C - R^{1^{p}}$$

$$R^{9}$$

$$R^{10}$$

$$O = C - R^{1^{p}}$$

$$O = C -$$

wherein  $R^{1}$  is a  $C_2-C_6$  alkyl group,

$$-CH_2-N$$
 or  $-CH_2-N$   $NH$ 

10

wherein  $R^6$  is a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1-C_6$  alkyl group; and  $R^9$  and  $R^{10}$  are each independently a hydrogen atom or a  $C_1-C_4$  alkyl group.

15 4. The therapeutic agent of claim 1, wherein the compound of the formula (I) is 2-(2-oxopyrrolidin-1-y1)-N-(2,3-dimethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydrofuro[2,3-b]quinolin-4-y1)acetamide.

5. The therapeutic agent of any of claims 1-4, wherein the condition of schizophrenia is a negative symptom or a cognitive disorder.